

# Stockton Research: New Jersey Needs Refresher Course on U.S. Constitution, Supreme Court

## For Immediate Release

Tuesday, April 14, 2015

Contact: Maryjane Briant  
News and Media Relations Director  
Galloway Township, NJ 08205  
Maryjane.Briant@Stockton.edu  
(609) 652-4593

Galloway Township, NJ - Many adults in New Jersey do not know basic facts about the U.S. Supreme Court and the U.S. Constitution, according to research by two Stockton University professors.

In a statewide poll assessing the public's knowledge of the Court and Constitution, more than half (54 percent) could not name a single Supreme Court justice, and 62 percent did not know that nine justices serve on the Court. Only 26 percent were able to identify John Roberts as chief justice of the United States, although 46 percent correctly picked him out from a list of names read to them.

Sixty percent incorrectly believed the Constitution explicitly protects against discrimination based on sex, although the Equal Rights Amendment was never approved in enough states to amend the Constitution.

"It is disturbing that a majority of the public believes that our Constitution contains explicit protection against sex discrimination in the form of an Equal Rights Amendment when, in fact, it does not," stated Linda Wharton, whose scholarly research and writing focuses on issues of state and federal constitutional law with a special concentration in the law of gender discrimination.

The report, *Understanding the United States Constitution and the Supreme Court: A Survey of New Jerseyans*, is found at [stockton.edu/hughescenter](http://stockton.edu/hughescenter).

While majorities of respondents did not know these facts, at least 75 percent correctly identified the ways in which Supreme Court justices are appointed and the U.S. Constitution is amended, demonstrating knowledge of how the processes work. Those who were taught civic education in school fared better than those who did not.

The research by Linda Wharton and James Avery, both Stockton University Political Science professors, was sponsored and is being published by the William J. Hughes Center for Public Policy at Stockton. The findings are based on a survey of 806 New Jersey adults conducted by the Stockton Polling Institute Sept. 16-23, 2014. Live interviewers on the Stockton campus

-more-

-continued from page 1-

-continued from page 2-

- Respondents were divided on which branch of government best serves the public interest: 24 percent cited the Legislative branch; 26 percent cited the Executive branch and 28 percent cited the Judiciary;
- Most respondents disagreed with the current practice of having Supreme Court justices serve lifetime appointments. Nearly half (47 percent) believe justices should be appointed for only a specific number of years, and 30 percent believe there should be a mandatory retirement age;
- A plurality (39 percent) of those polled believes that the justices are influenced by their own personal or political views. Others (22 percent) believe they decide based on legal analysis, while 20 percent believe the justices are influenced by political pressure and 12 percent cited public opinion as the main influence.

## Methodology

The survey was conducted by the Stockton Polling Institute of the William J. Hughes Center for Public Policy ([www.stockton.edu/hughescenter](http://www.stockton.edu/hughescenter)). Live interviewers on the Stockton campus